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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/506,806	09/07/2004	Yoshihisa Saimoto	018765-177	5415
21839	7590 06/02/2005	EXAMINER		
	ANE SWECKER & N	MAGEE, THOMAS J		
POST OFFICE BOX 1404 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2811	
		DATE MAILED: 06/02/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/506,806	SAIMOTO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Thomas J. Magee	2811					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		,					
4) Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the E	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	frawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa	te atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>09072004;05052005</u> .	6) Other:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form

the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this

country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nagai et al.

(US 6,114,753).

Regarding Claims 1 and 2, Nagai et al. disclose a surface protecting adhesive film for a

semiconductor wafer, wherein the adhesive layer exhibits a modulus of elasticity of 1.0 Mpa

at a temperature in the range, 200 to 250 degrees C (Col. 8, lines 45 – 47) and a thickness

of approximately 50 um (Col. 9, lines 53 – 58) formed on both surfaces of a base film (poly-

imide). Nagai et al. do not explicitly disclose a melting point of at least 200 degrees C. How-

ever, Nagai et al. disclose that the tape was "cured" at 200 degrees C for one minute on the

semiconductor element (Col. 9, lines 62 – 67). It is therefore inherent that the melting point

is at least 200 degrees C or higher.

Claim Rejections – 35 U.S.C. 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obvious-

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ness rejections set forth in this Office Action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this

title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art

are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the

invention was made.

4. Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takyu et al.

(US 6,699,774 B2) in view of Inuzuka (US 6,777,310 B2) and Nagai et al.

5. Regarding Claims 3 and 4. Takyu et al. disclose a protecting method for a semiconductor

wafer in a step of processing a non-circuit formed surface of the semiconductor wafer comp-

rising a first step of fixing a circuit formed surface of the semiconductor wafer to a substrate \

(18) (Figure 14A) supporting the semiconductor wafer (11) via a surface protecting adhesive

film (17), a second step of fixing a non-circuit formed surface of the semiconductor wafer on a

semiconductor wafer grinding machine (19) (Figure 15A) (Col. 5, lines 52 – 54) and mechanic-

ally grinding the non-circuit formed surface of the semiconductor wafer.

Takyu et al. does not disclose a surface protecting adhesive film with storage elastic modulus

of 1 Mpa at 150 degrees C and a thickness of from 3 to 100 um formed on both a surface and

back surface of a base film of thickness of 10 to 200 um having a melting point of at least 200

degrees C. Nagai et al. disclose a surface protecting adhesive film for a semiconductor wafer,

wherein the adhesive layer exhibits a modulus of elasticity of 1.0 Mpa at a temperature in the

range, 200 to 250 degrees C (Col. 8, lines 45 – 47) and a thickness of approximately 50 um

(Col. 9, lines 53 – 58) formed on both surfaces of a base film (polyimide), with a melting point

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of at least 200 degrees C, as discussed above. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Nagai et al. with Takyu et al. to obtain a tape material for superior mass productivity (Nagai et al., Col. 8, lines 50 – 52).

Takyu et al. do not disclose the step of removing the damaged layer generated on the noncircuit formed surface of the semiconductor wafer, wherein the surface protecting adhesive film recited in Claim 1 is used to protect the surface. Inuzuka discloses that the damaged layer is removed by etching (Col. 3, lines 5 – 11) and that a tape (102) (Figure 2A) protects the circuit formed surface of wafer 100 during etching. As discussed in the preceding paragraph, Takyu et al. do not disclose a surface protecting adhesive film as recited in Claim1. Nagai et al. disclose a film with the properties discussed in the paragraph above.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Inuzuka, Nagai et al. and Takyu to protect the device surface and remove deleterious defects in the ground layer that will influence reliability.

Conclusions

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to **Thomas Magee**, whose telephone number is (571) 272 1658. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30AM to 5:00PM (EST). If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

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Eddie Lee, can be reached on (571) 272-1732. The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

EDDIE LEE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

Thomas Magee May 22, 2005